

Annual Financial Report

Skyline Math & Science Academy Charter School No. 4255

Minneapolis, Minnesota

For the year ended June 30, 2023



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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

SKYLINE MATH & SCIENCE ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL NO. 4255 MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Skyline Math & Science Academy Charter School No. 4255 Minneapolis, Minnesota Board of Education and Administration For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

BOARD OF EDUCATION

Name	Term	Position
Yonis Abdi	12/31/2024	Board Chair
Khalid Warsamee	12/31/2025	Vice Board Chair
Nor Abdilahi	12/31/2024	Vice Board Chair
Mohamud Muse	12/31/2024	Treasurer
Mustafa Hassan	12/31/2024	Secretary
	ADMINISTRATION	

Abdirahman Abdulle

Executive Director

FINANCIAL SECTION

SKYLINE MATH AND SCIENCE ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL NO. 4255 MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board of Education Skyline Math & Science Academy Charter School No. 4255 Minneapolis, Minnesota

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Skyline Math & Science Academy, Charter School No. 4255 (the Charter School), Minneapolis, Minnesota as of June 30, 2023 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Charter School as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General and Food Service funds for the year ended June 30, 2023 in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Charter School and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Charter School's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Charter School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis starting on page 15, the Schedule of Employer's Share of the Net Pension Liability and the Schedules of Employer's Contributions starting on page 60 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.



Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements. The accompanying individual fund schedules and table are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the individual fund schedules and table are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information in the report. The other information comprises the introductory section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statement do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 15, 2023 on our consideration of the Charter School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Charter School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Abdo Minneapolis, Minnesota November 15, 2023



Management's Discussion and Analysis

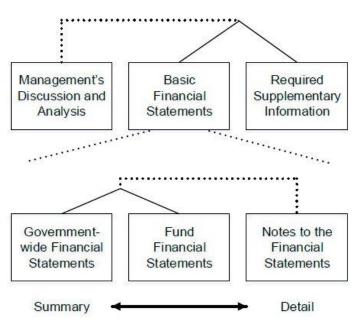
As management of the Skyline Math & Science Academy, Charter School No. 4255 (the Charter School), Minneapolis, Minnesota, we offer readers of the Charter School's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Charter School for the period ended June 30, 2023.

Financial Highlights

- The liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the Charter School exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year as shown in the summary of net position on the following pages.
- The Charter School's total net position decreased as shown in the summary of changes in net position on the following pages. This was primarily a result of the Charter School receiving significantly less revenue from federal sources in comparison to prior year.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, total fund balance increased in comparison to the prior year. The increase was a result from an excess of revenues over expenditures in accordance with the budget. The Charter School's governmental fund balances are shown in the Financial Analysis of the School's funds section of the MD&A.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General fund, as shown in the financial analysis of the Charter School's funds section, increased from the prior year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Charter School's basic financial statements. The Charter School's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplemental information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.



Organization of Skyline Math & Science Academy's Annual Financial Report

The following chart summarizes the major features of the Charter School's financial statements, including the portion of the Charter School's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements:

		Fund Financial Statements
	Government-wide Statements	Governmental Funds
Scope	Entire Charter School (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the Charter School that are not fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance
Required financial statements	Statement of net positionStatement of activities	 Balance sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included
Type of deferred outflows/inflows of resources information	All deferred outflows/inflows of resources, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Only deferred outflows of resources expected to be used up and deferred inflows of resources that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included
Type of in flow/out flow information	All revenues and expenditures during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable

Major Features of the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements.

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Charter School's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Charter School's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Charter School is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Charter School's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements display functions of the Charter School that are principally supported by intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*). The governmental activities of the Charter School include district support services and elementary and secondary regular instruction.

The government-wide financial statements can be found starting on page 26 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Charter School, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Charter School's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Charter School maintains two individual governmental funds. Information is presented in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General and Food Service funds, of which only the General is considered a major fund.

The Charter School adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General and Food Service funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the General fund and Food Service fund to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found starting on page 30 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found starting on page 37 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Charter School's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found starting on page 60 of this report.

Other Information. The individual fund schedules and table can be found starting on page 69 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Charter School, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources as shown in the summary of net position below at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

A portion of the Charter School's net position reflects its net investment in capital assets. The Charter School uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Similarly, the School has assets restricted for future uses, mainly due to food service. Unrestricted net position carries a balance as shown below. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Charter School reported a negative balance in the unrestricted.

Skyline Math & Science Academy's Summary of Net Position

	Governmental Activities				
	2023	2022	Increase (Decrease)		
Assets					
Current and other assets	\$ 605,152	\$ 590,635	\$ 14,517		
Capital assets	157,708	665,215	(507,507)		
Total Assets	762,860	1,255,850	(492,990)		
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Deferred pension resources	1,079,546	1,290,428	(210,882)		
Liabilities					
Current and other liabilities	560,496	733,349	(172,853)		
Noncurrent liabilities	2,883,990	1,813,836	1,070,154		
Total Liabilities	3,444,486	2,547,185	897,301		
Deferred inflows of resources					
Deferred pension resources	22,453	1,034,518	(1,012,065)		
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets	73,848	49,076	24,772		
Restricted for food service	7,103	-	7,103		
Unrestricted	(1,705,484)	(1,084,501)	(620,983)		
Total Net Position	\$ (1,624,533)	\$ (1,035,425)	\$ (589,108)		
Net Position as a Percent of Total					
Net investment in					
capital assets	(4.5) %	% (4.7) %	6		
Restricted	(0.4)	-			
Unrestricted	104.9	104.7			
Total	100.0 %	% <u>100.0</u> %	6		

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities decreased the Charter School's net position as shown below in the summary of changes in net position. Key elements of this decrease are shown in the table below.

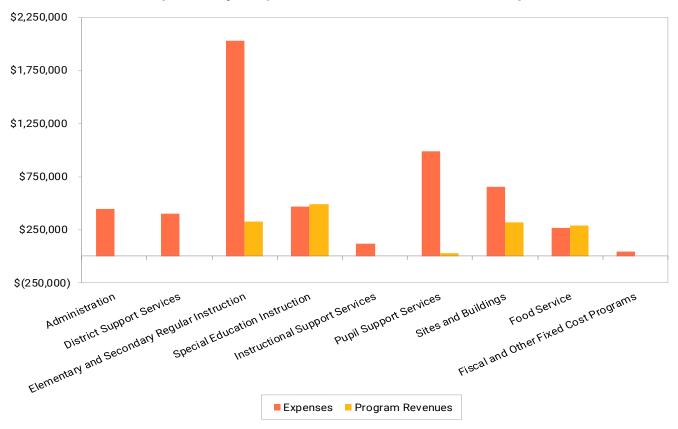
Skyline Math & Science Academy's Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities					
	2023	2023 2022				
Revenues						
Program revenues						
Operating grants and contributions	\$ 1,458,982	\$ 2,394,671	\$ (935,689)			
General revenues						
State aid-formula grants	2,530,332	2,623,662	(93,330)			
Loan forgiveness	12,500	-	12,500			
Other general revenues	842,568	63,100	779,468			
Total Revenues	4,844,382	5,081,433	(237,051)			
Expenses						
Administration	447,977	396,074	51,903			
District support services	402,626	450,183	(47,557)			
Elementary and secondary regular instruction	2,031,753	2,605,810	(574,057)			
Special education instruction	466,713	747,859	(281,146)			
Instructional support services	118,934	124,699	(5,765)			
Pupil support services	985,828	726,473	259,355			
Sites and buildings	651,042	601,813	49,229			
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	42,669	28,296	14,373			
Food service	265,883	280,844	(14,961)			
Interest on long-term debt	20,065	39,588	(19,523)			
Total Expenses	5,433,490	6,001,639	(568,149)			
Change in Net Position	(589,108)	(920,206)	331,098			
Net Position, July 1	(1,035,425)	(115,219)	(920,206)			
Net Position, June 30	\$ (1,624,533)	\$ (1,035,425)	\$ (589,108)			

At the end of the current fiscal year the Charter School experienced a decrease in both revenues and expenses.

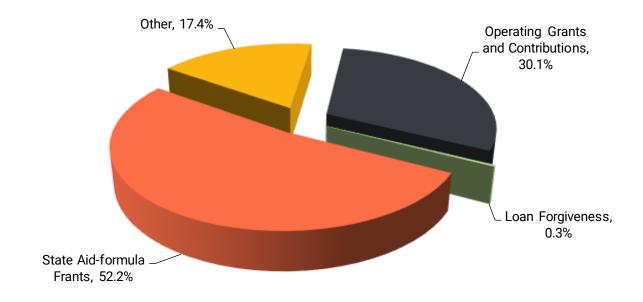
- Total revenues decreased mainly due to less revenue received from federal sources in relation to COVID-19 compared to the prior year. Offsetting some of the decrease was the increase in other general revenues in relation to the receipt of the employee retention credit.
- Total expenses decreased during the year mainly due to the decrease in both elementary and secondary instruction and special education instruction expenses during the year.

The following graph depicts various governmental activities and shows the expenses and program revenues directly related to those activities.



Expenses by Program - Governmental Activities Graph

Revenue by Source - Governmental Activities Graph



Financial Analysis of the Charter School's Funds

As noted earlier, the Charter School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Charter School's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Charter School's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. The table below outlines the governmental fund balances for the ending June 30, 2023.

	General Fund	Food Service	 Total	F	Prior Year Total	ncrease/ ecrease)
Fund Balances Nonspendable Restricted for food service Unassigned	\$ 46,706 - (9,153)	\$ - 7,103 -	\$ 46,706 7,103 (9,153)	\$	38,656 - (181,370)	\$ 8,050 7,103 172,217
Total	\$ 37,553	\$ 7,103	\$ 44,656	\$	(142,714)	\$ 187,370

As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Charter School's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances shown above. Additional information on the Charter School's fund balances can be found in Note 1 starting on page 37 of this report.

The General fund is the chief operating fund of the Charter School. At the end of the current year, the fund balance of the General fund is shown in the table above. As a measure of the General fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures.

		irrent Year ing Balance	Prior Year Ending Balance		Increase/ (Decrease)	
General Fund Fund Balances Nonspendable Unassigned	\$	46,706 (9,153)	\$	38,656 (167,634)	\$	8,050 158,481
Total	\$	37,553	\$	(128,978)	\$	166,531
General Fund expenditures Unassigned as a percent of expenditures Total Fund Balance as a percent of expenditures	\$	4,355,417 -0.2% 0.9%	\$	5,301,256 -3.2% -2.4%		

The fund balance of the Charter School's General fund increased during the current fiscal year as shown in the table above. The increase in fund balance was a result from an excess of revenues over expenditures in comparison to prior year.

Other Funds

	June 30,		June 30,		Increase	
	2023		2022		(Decrease)	
Food Service Fund	\$	7,103	\$	(13,736)	\$	20,839

The Food Service fund increase in fund balance during the year was due to a decrease in expenditures during the year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

	Original Budgeted Amounts	Final Budget Budgeted Amendments Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues Expenditures	\$ 4,118,328 4,070,077	\$	\$ 4,535,686 4,339,153	\$ 4,521,948 4,355,417	\$ (13,738) (16,264)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	48,251	148,282	196,533	166,531	(30,002)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers out	(15,501)	(5,635)	(21,136)		21,136
Net Change in Fund Balances	32,750	142,647	175,397	166,531	(8,866)
Fund Balances, January 1	(128,978)		(128,978)	(128,978)	
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ (96,228)	\$ 142,647	\$ 46,419	\$ 37,553	\$ (8,866)

It is the policy of the Board of Directors of the Charter School to set up the annual budget prior to June 30 for the subsequent year and utilize it as a guideline for revenues and expenditures over the course of the year. The Board periodically reviewed the budget versus actual revenues and expenditures and took note of deviations and their causes. The Board amended the budget during the current fiscal year.

Revenues sources were under budget for fiscal year 2023.

• The variance can be attributed to receiving less revenue from local sources than anticipated.

Expenditure programs were over budget for fiscal year 2023.

• The variance is primarily related to an unexpected increase in pupil services.

Food Service Fund Budgetary Highlights

The board amended the Food Service fund budget during the year by decreasing budgeted revenues by \$90,600 and decreasing budgeted expenditures by \$98,701. Actual revenues were \$104,322 more than final budgeted amounts and expenditures were \$76,083 more than final budgeted amounts.

Capital Assets

The following is a schedule of capital assets as of June 30, 2023 and 2022.

	Governmental Activities					
	 2023		2022	Increase (Decrease)		
Equipment Leased Equipment (Intangible Right to Use Asset) Leased Building (Intangible Right to Use Asset)	\$ 153,855 3,853 -	\$	196,231 7,155 461,829	\$	(42,376) (3,302) (461,829)	
Total	\$ 157,708	\$	665,215	\$	(507,507)	

Additional information on the Charter School's capital assets can be found in Note 3B on page 44 of this report.

Long-term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Charter School's long-term liabilities consisted of lease payable and loans payable. The changes of the liabilities are shown below.

		Governmental Activities					
		2023		20232022		Increase (Decrease)	
Loans Payable Lease Payable	\$	79,742 4,118	\$	100,000 516,139	\$	(20,258) (512,021)	
Total	<u>\$</u>	83,860	\$	616,139	\$	(532,279)	

The decrease is mainly attributable to the maturity of lease payable in relation to the school building.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- Skyline is dependent on the State of Minnesota for the majority of its revenue. These revenues are based primarily on the number of students enrolled and achieving desired enrollment can be difficult due to the competition in the area. Recent experience demonstrates that legislated revenue increases have not been sufficient to meet instructional program needs and increased costs due to inflation. Due to this, the Charter School must become creative in how they educate students as well as ensuring that there is no frivolous spending and the Charter School adheres to the approved budget.
- State Special Education funding continues to change causing schools to cut in other areas of the General fund to ensure the rising costs and needs of Special Education students are met. The Charter School is continually updating its' estimates for funds covering those costs and the needs of students. Without the continuous monitoring of the funding sources and expenditures, it can cause the Charter School to quickly have deficit spending.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Charter School's finances for all those with an interest in the Charter School's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Yonis Abdi, Board Chair, Skyline Math & Science Academy, Charter School No. 4255, 2600 26th Ave S #100 Minneapolis, MN 55406.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SKYLINE MATH AND SCIENCE ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL NO. 4255 MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Skyline Math & Science Academy Charter School No. 4255 Minneapolis, Minnesota Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities
Assets Cash and temporary investments Accounts receivable Due from the Minnesota Department of Education Due from the Federal government Prepaid items Capital assets	\$ 118,354 3,000 290,771 146,321 46,706
Depreciable assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization Total Assets	<u> 157,708 </u> 762,860
Deferred Outflows of Resources	1 070 546
Deferred pension resources	1,079,546
Liabilities	
Accounts and other payables	232,092
Accrued salaries payable	228,404
Line of credit Noncurrent liabilities	100,000
Due within one year Long-term liabilities	16,901
Due in more than one year	10,901
Long-term liabilities	66,959
Net pension Liability	2,800,130
Total Liabilities	3,444,486
Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred pension resources	22,453
Defended pension resources	22,433
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	73,848
Restricted	7,103
Unrestricted	(1,705,484)
Total Net Position	\$ (1,624,533)

Skyline Math & Science Academy Charter School No. 4255 Minneapolis, Minnesota Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Functions/Programs		Charges for Expenses Services		-					Net Revenues (Expenses) and Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities	
Governmental Activities										
Administration	\$	447,977	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(447,977)
District support services		402,626		-		-		-		(402,626)
Elementary and secondary										(
regular instruction		2,031,753		-		330,358		-		(1,701,395)
Special education instruction		466,713		-		488,973		-		22,260
Instructional support services		118,934		-		-		-		(118,934)
Pupil support services		985,828		-		31,510		-		(954,318)
Sites and buildings		651,042		-		321,419		-		(329,623)
Food service		265,883		-		286,722		-		20,839
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs		42,669		-		-		-		(42,669)
Interest on long-term debt		20,065		-		-		-		(20,065)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	5,433,490	\$	-	\$	1,458,982	\$			(3,974,508)
	Loan fo Other ge	evenues d-formula gra rgiveness eneral revenu General Reve	es							2,530,332 12,500 842,568 3,385,400
	Change in	Net Position								(589,108)
	Net Positi	on, July 1								(1,035,425)
	Net Positi	on, June 30							\$	(1,624,533)

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SKYLINE MATH AND SCIENCE ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL NO. 4255 MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Skyline Math & Science Academy Charter School No. 4255 Minneapolis, Minnesota Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	Gen	ieral	ood ervice	Total Governmental Funds	
Assets					
Cash and temporary investments	\$	48,259	\$ 70,095	\$	118,354
Accounts receivable		3,000	-		3,000
Due from the Minnesota Department of Education	2	90,771	-		290,771
Due from the Federal government	1	46,321	-		146,321
Prepaid items		46,706	-		46,706
Total Assets	\$5	35,057	\$ 70,095	\$	605,152
Liabilities					
Accounts and other payables	\$1	69,100	\$ 62,992	\$	232,092
Accrued salaries payable	2	28,404	-		228,404
Line of credit	1	00,000	-		100,000
Total Liabilities	4	97,504	62,992		560,496
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable for prepaid items		46,706	-		46,706
Restricted for food service		-	7,103		7,103
Unassigned		(9,153)	-		(9,153)
Total Fund Balances		37,553	7,103		44,656
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$5	35,057	\$ 70,095	\$	605,152

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Skyline Math & Science Academy Charter School No. 4255 Minneapolis, Minnesota Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 44,656
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds. Cost of capital assets Less: accumulated depreciation/amortization	1,232,781 (1,075,073)
Noncurrent liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Noncurrent liabilities at year-end consist of	
Loans payable	(79,742)
Lease payable	(4,118)
Net pension liability	(2,800,130)
Governmental funds do not report long-term amounts related to pensions.	
Deferred outflow of pension resources	1,079,546
Deferred inflow of pension resources	 (22,453)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ (1,624,533)

Skyline Math & Science Academy Charter School No. 4255 Minneapolis, Minnesota Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General	Food Service	Total Governmental Funds		
Revenues	+ ···-				
Revenue from federal sources	\$ 400,740	\$ 282,380	\$ 683,120		
Revenue from state sources	3,301,852	4,342	3,306,194		
Revenue from local sources	819,356	-	819,356		
Total Revenues	4,521,948	286,722	4,808,670		
Expenditures					
Current	0/7 /07		017 107		
Administration	367,437	-	367,437		
District support services	358,324	-	358,324		
Elementary and secondary regular instruction	1,482,125	-	1,482,125		
Special education instruction	329,577	-	329,577		
Instructional support services	82,725	-	82,725		
Pupil support services	967,640	-	967,640		
Sites and buildings	169,780	-	169,780		
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	42,669	-	42,669		
Food service	-	265,883	265,883		
Capital outlay					
Instructional support services	520	-	520		
Sites and buildings	14,776	-	14,776		
Debt service					
Principal	519,779	-	519,779		
Interest and other charges	20,065	-	20,065		
Total Expenditures	4,355,417	265,883	4,621,300		
Net Change in Fund Balances	166,531	20,839	187,370		
Fund Balances, July 1	(128,978)	(13,736)	(142,714)		
Fund Balances, June 30	<u>\$ 37,553</u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 44,656</u>		

Skyline Math & Science Academy Charter School No. 4255 Minneapolis, Minnesota Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because	
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 187,370
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Depreciation/amortization expense	(507,507)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are amortized in the statement of activities. The amounts below are the effects of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	
Retirement of lease payable	512,021
Principal repayments	7,758
Loan forgiveness	12,500
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, these contributions will be reflected in the net pension liability in the next measurement period, and are therefore eliminated in the statement of activities.	
Pension revenues	23,212
Pension expense	 (824,462)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (589,108)

Skyline Math & Science Academy Charter School No. 4255 Minneapolis, Minnesota Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgetec	Amounts	Actual	Variance with	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	
Revenues					
Revenue from federal sources	\$ 246,300	\$ 323,274	\$ 400,740	\$ 77,466	
Revenue from state sources	3,824,128	3,293,912	3,301,852	7,940	
Revenue from local sources	47,900	918,500	819,356	(99,144)	
Total Revenues	4,118,328	4,535,686	4,521,948	(13,738)	
Expenditures					
Current					
Administration	358,405	415,800	367,437	48,363	
District support services	316,950	320,750	358,324	(37,574)	
Elementary and secondary					
regular instruction	1,376,841	1,528,303	1,482,125	46,178	
Special education instruction	474,938	276,564	329,577	(53,013)	
Instructional support services	97,400	74,375	82,725	(8,350)	
Pupil support services	710,062	732,754	967,640	(234,886)	
Sites and buildings	154,634	165,060	169,780	(4,720)	
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	34,300	60,100	42,669	17,431	
Capital outlay					
District support services	16,600	-	-	-	
Instructional support services	-	700	520	180	
Sites and buildings	2,000	205,000	14,776	190,224	
Debt service					
Principal	522,947	548,347	519,779	28,568	
Interest and other charges	5,000	11,400	20,065	(8,665)	
Total Expenditures	4,070,077	4,339,153	4,355,417	(16,264)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	48,251	196,533	166,531	(30,002)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers out	(15,501)	(21,136)		21,136	
Net Change in Fund Balances	32,750	175,397	166,531	(8,866)	
Fund Balances, July 1	(128,978)	(128,978)	(128,978)		
Fund Balances, June 30	\$ (96,228)	\$ 46,419	\$ 37,553	\$ (8,866)	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Skyline Math & Science Academy Charter School No. 4255 Minneapolis, Minnesota Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Food Service Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual		Variance with		
	(Driginal	Final		Amounts		Final Budget	
Revenues								
Revenue from federal sources	\$	273,000	\$	154,000	\$	282,380	\$	128,380
Revenue from state sources		-		28,400		4,342		(24,058)
Total Revenues		273,000		182,400		286,722		104,322
Expenditures								
Current								
Food service		288,501		189,800		265,883		(76,083)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		(15,501)		(7,400)		20,839		28,239
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		15,501		21,136				(21,136)
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		13,736		20,839		7,103
Fund Balances, July 1		(13,736)		(13,736)		(13,736)		
Fund Balances, June 30	\$	(13,736)	\$	_	\$	7,103	\$	7,103

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

Skyline Math & Science Academy, Charter School No. 4255 (the Charter School), Minneapolis, Minnesota is a nonprofit that was incorporated on March 16, 2016 as a non-profit corporation under section 501(c)3 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, for the purpose of providing educational services to individuals within the area. The Charter School is authorized by Minnesota Guild of Public Charter Schools. The permanent governing body consists of a five member Board of Directors.

The Charter School has considered all potential units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Charter School are such that exclusion would cause the Charter School's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the primary government to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. The Charter School has no component units that meet the GASB criteria. For the period ended June 30, 2023, the Charter School does not have any extracurricular student activities funds to be accounted for.

Aside from its authorization, Minnesota Guild of Public Charter Schools has no authority, control, power, or administrative responsibilities over the Charter School. Therefore, the Charter School is not considered a component unit of Minnesota Guild of Public Charter Schools.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Amounts reported as *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. State aid formula grants and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Both major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. State revenue is recognized in the year to which it applies according to Minnesota statutes and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Minnesota statutes include State aid funding formulas for specific fiscal years. Federal revenue is recorded in the year in which the related expenditure was made. Other revenue is considered available if collected within one year.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the Charter School receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include grants, entitlement and donations. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the Charter School must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Charter School on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumption that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Description of Funds

The Charter School funds have been established by the State of Minnesota Department of Education. Each fund is accounted for as an independent entity. Descriptions of the funds included in the report are as follows:

Major Governmental Funds

The General fund is the Charter School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Charter School, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Food Service special revenue fund* is used to account for food service revenues and expenditures. The Food Service fund receives revenue from state and federal sources as well as the receipts from the Charter School's nutrition program.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balances

Deposits and Investments

The Charter School's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Cash balances from all funds are pooled and invested, to the extent available, in certificates of deposit and other authorized investments. Earnings from such investments are allocated on the basis of applicable participation by each of the funds.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The Charter School may also invest idle funds as authorized by Minnesota statutes, as follows:

- 1. Direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the United States or its agencies.
- 2. Shares of investment companies registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and received the highest credit rating, rated in one of the two highest rating categories by a statistical rating agency, and have a final maturity of thirteen months or less.
- 3. General obligations of a state or local government with taxing powers rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better.
- 4. General obligations of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency rated "A" or better.
- 5. Obligation of a school district with an original maturity not exceeding 13 months and (i) rated in the highest category by a national bond rating service or (ii) enrolled in the credit enhancement program pursuant to statute section 126C.55.
- 6. Bankers' acceptances of United States banks eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System.
- 7. Commercial paper issued by United States banks corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries, of highest quality category by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies and maturing in 270 days or less.
- 8. Repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements and securities lending agreements with financial institutions qualified as a "depository" by the government entity, with banks that are members of the Federal Reserve System with capitalization exceeding \$10,000,000, a primary reporting dealer in U.S. government securities to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, or certain Minnesota securities broker-dealers.
- 9. Guaranteed Investment Contracts (GIC's) issued or guaranteed by a United States commercial bank, a domestic branch of a foreign bank, a United States insurance company, or its Canadian subsidiary, whose similar debt obligations were rated in one of the top two rating categories by a nationally recognized rating agency.

The Charter School does not have any investments or a formal investment policy.

Due from the Department of Education and Federal Government

Due from the Department of Education and Federal Government include amounts billed for services provided before year end as well as amounts for expenditures that have been incurred before year end that will be reimbursed with State and Federal funding. No substantial losses are anticipated from present receivable balances, therefore no allowance for uncollectible has been recorded.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. The Charter School defines capital assets as those with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are recorded in the government-wide financial statements, but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Useful Lives in Years
Equipment Leasehold Improvements	5 - 10 3 - 5

Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The government has only one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, deferred pension resources, is reported only in the statement of net position. This item results from actuarial calculations and current year pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date.

Pensions

Teachers Retirement Association (TRA)

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers Retirement Association (TRA) and additions to/deductions from TRA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRA.

TRA has a special funding situation created by direct aid contributions made by the State of Minnesota, City of Minneapolis and Minneapolis School District. The direct aid is a result of the merger of the Minneapolis Teachers Retirement Fund Association merger into TRA in 2006. A second direct aid source is from the State of Minnesota for the merger of the Duluth Teacher's Retirement Fund Association (DTRFA) in 2015. The General fund is typically used to liquidate the governmental net pension liability. Additional information can be found in Note 4.

Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA)

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA except that PERA's fiscal year end is June 30. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The General fund is typically used to liquidate the governmental net pension liability.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The total pension expense for the General Employee Plan (GERP) and TRA is as follows:

	 GERP	TRA	 Total All Plans
Charter School's proportionate share Proportionate share of State's contribution	\$ 379,651 4,180	\$ 588,555 19,032	\$ 968,206 23,212
Total pension expense	\$ 383,831	\$ 607,587	\$ 991,418

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and fund financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Charter School has one type of item, which arises only under a full accrual basis of accounting that qualifies as needing to be reported in this category. Accordingly, the item, deferred pension resources, is reported only in the statement of net position of the government-wide statements and results from actuarial calculations.

Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Charter School is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources reported in the governmental funds. These classifications are defined as follows:

Nonspendable - Amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items.

Restricted - Amounts related to externally imposed constraints established by creditors, grantors or contributors; or constraints imposed by state statutory provisions.

Committed - Amounts constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by formal action (resolution) of the Board of Education, which is the Charter School's highest level of decision-making authority. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Education modifies or rescinds the commitment by resolution.

Assigned - Amounts constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed. In governmental funds other than the General fund, assigned fund balance represents all remaining amounts that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed. In the General fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Board of Education itself or by an official to which the governing body delegates the authority. The Board of Directors has adopted a fund balance policy which delegates the authority to assign amounts for specific purposes to management.

Unassigned - The residual classification for the General fund and also negative residual amounts in other funds.

The Charter School considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Additionally, the Charter School would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The Charter School's policy is to maintain a minimum total fund balance at fiscal year-end of 20 percent of total General fund expenditures.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities. Net position is displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization reduced by any outstanding debt attributable to acquiring capital assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consist of net position balances restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position balances that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "investment in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Charter School's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Note 2: Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgetary Information

The budget for each fund is prepared on the same basis of accounting as the financial statements. Each June, the Board of Education adopts an annual budget for the following fiscal year for the General fund and Food Service fund.

- 1. Prior to July 1, the Executive Director submits to the Charter School's Board of Directors, a proposed operating budget for the year commencing the following July1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means for financing them.
- 2. The Executive Director is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund, however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Charter School's Board.
- 3. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General and Special Revenue funds.
- 4. Budgets are as originally adopted or as amended by the Charter School's Board of Directors.

Legal budgetary control is at the fund level. Budgeted expenditure appropriations lapse at year-end.

The General fund budget was amended during the current fiscal year. The revenues budget increased \$417,358, primarily related to an increase in budgeted revenue from local sources. Budgeted expenditures increased by \$269,076 with the largest increase in capital outlay sites and buildings, which increased by \$203,000.

The Food Service fund budget was amended during the current fiscal year. The revenues budget decreased \$90,600, primarily related to revenues from federal sources. Budgeted expenditures decreased by \$98,701.

Note 2: Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

B. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2023 expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following funds:

Fund	Final Budget		Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations
General	\$ 4,339,153	\$ 4,355,417	\$
Food Service	189,800	265,883	

The excess of expenditures over appropriations in the General fund and Food Service fund were funded with available fund balances.

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits and investments is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Charter School's deposits and investments may not be returned or the Charter School will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. In accordance with Minnesota statutes and as authorized by the Board of Education, the Charter School maintains deposits at those depository banks, all of which are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Minnesota statutes require that all Charter School deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond or collateral. The fair value of collateral pledged must equal 110 percent of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds, with the exception of irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by Federal Home Loan Banks as this type of collateral only requires collateral pledged equal to 100 percent of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral in lieu of a corporate surety bond includes:

- United States government Treasury bills, Treasury notes, Treasury bonds;
- Issues of United States government agencies and instrumentalities as quoted by a recognized industry quotation service available to the government entity;
- General obligation securities of any state or local government with taxing powers which is rated "A" or better by a national bond rating service, or revenue obligation securities of any state or local government with taxing powers which is rated "AA" or better by a national bond rating service;
- General obligation securities of a local government with taxing powers may be pledged as collateral against funds deposited by that same local government entity;
- Irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by Federal Home Loan Banks to a municipality accompanied by written evidence that the bank's public debt is rated "AA" or better by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., or Standard & Poor's Corporation; and
- Time deposits that are fully insured by any federal agency.

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Minnesota statutes require that all collateral shall be placed in safekeeping in a restricted account at a Federal Reserve Bank, or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution that is not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral. The selection should be approved by the Charter School.

At year end, the Charter School's carrying amount of deposits, bank balance, FDIC coverage, and pledged collateral are shown in the chart below.

Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 118,354
Bank Balance Covered by FDIC	\$ 128,452 (128,452)
Collateralized with sercurities pledged in Charter School's name	\$

B. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	E	Beginning Balance	l	ncreases	Deci	reases		Ending Balance
Governmental Activities Capital Assets Being Depreciated/Amortized Equipment Leased Building (Intangible Right to Use Asset) Leased Equipment (Intangible Right to Use Asset)	\$	299,215 923,659 9,907	\$	- -	\$	- - -	\$	299,215 923,659 9,907
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated/Amortized		1,232,781				-		1,232,781
Less Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization Equipment Leased Building (Intangible Right to Use Asset) Leased Equipment (Intangible Right to Use Asset) Total Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	_	(102,984) (461,830) (2,752) (567,566)		(42,376) (461,829) (3,302) (507,507)		- - - -		(145,360) (923,659) (6,054) (1,075,073)
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	665,215	\$	(507,507)	\$	-	\$	157,708

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to functions of the Charter School as follows:

Governmental Activities	
Administration	\$ 4,773
Elementary and secondary regular instruction	21,546
Instructional support services	3,302
Special education instruction	11,400
Sites and buildings	 466,486
Total Depreciation/Amortization Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 507,507

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

C. Short-term Indebtedness

The Charter School entered into an agreement with Propel Nonprofits on November 11, 2022, for a short-term line of credit in the amount of \$200,000. The line was secured by all assets of the Charter School and with an interest rate of 6.5%. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Charter School has the following activity on the line of credit:

	Beginning Balance		icreases	D	ecreases	Ending Balance	
Line of Credit	\$ 100,000	\$	200,000	\$	(200,000)	\$	100,000

D. Long-term Liabilities

Notes Payable

The Charter School entered into a promissory note with Propel Nonprofits on November 8, 2021 for \$100,000 with an interest rate of 3% and a final maturity date of November 30, 2027. The repayment terms consist of no payments for the first 6 months, interest only for months 7 through 12. The total monthly payment will be \$1,350 starting in month 7. The loan has a principal forgiveness clause of 25% or \$25,000. The annual requirements to amortize the note payable are as follows:

Year Ending	Notes Payable								
June 30,	Pri	Principal		Interest		iterest T		Total	
2024	\$	13,619	\$	2,581	\$	16,200			
2025		14,033		2,167		16,200			
2026		14,460		1,740		16,200			
2027		14,900		1,300		16,200			
2028		22,730		900		23,630			
Total	_\$	79,742	\$	8,688	\$	88,430			

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Other*	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities						
Loan payable Lease payable	\$ 100,000 516,139	\$ - 	\$ (7,758) (512,021)	\$ (12,500) 	\$	\$ 13,619 3,282
Governmental activity long-term liabilities	\$ 616,139	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ (519,779)	\$ (12,500)	\$ 83,860	\$ 16,901

* Note the other column above in reference to the loan forgiveness outlined in the note payable documents.

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

E. Lease Payable

Lease agreements are summarized as follows:

Description	nount sued	Interest Rate	lssue Date	End Date	 Payme Amou		ance at ar End
Copier Lease	\$ 9,907	3.06	09/01/21	08/31/24	\$ 281	Monthly	\$ 4,118

On September 24, 2021, the Charter School entered into an agreement with Canon Financial Services to lease Marco copiers for a three-year term beginning September 1, 2021 with a fixed interest rate of 3.06%, maturing on August 31, 2024.

The following is a summary of future minimum lease payments:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal Payments				erest ments	 Total
2024 2025	\$	3,282 836	\$ 80 4	\$ 3,362 840		
Total	\$	4,118	\$ 84	\$ 4,202		

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide

A. Teacher Retirement Association (TRA)

1. Plan Description

The Teachers Retirement Association (TRA) is an administrator of a multiple employer, cost-sharing, defined benefit retirement fund. TRA administers a Basic Plan (without Social Security coverage) and a Coordinated Plan (with Social Security coverage) in accordance with Minnesota statutes, chapters 354 and 356. TRA is a separate statutory entity and administered by a Board of Trustees. The Board consists of four active members, one retired member and three statutory officials.

Educators employed in Minnesota's public elementary and secondary school, charter schools, and certain other TRAcovered educational institutions maintained by the state are required to be TRA members. State university, community college, and technical college educators first employed by (except those employed by St. Paul schools or Minnesota State Colleges and Universities). Educators first hired by Minnesota State may elect either TRA coverage or coverage through the Define Contribution Plan (DCR) administered by the State of Minnesota.

2. Benefits Provided

TRA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefits are established by Minnesota statute and vest after three years of service credit. The defined retirement benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five consecutive years of allowable service, age and a formula multiplier based on years of credit at termination of service.

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans – Statewide (Continued)

Two methods are used to compute benefits for TRA's Coordinated and Basic Plan members. Members first employed before **July 1, 1989** receive the greater of the Tier I or Tier II as described:

Tier I:	Step Rate Formula	Percentage
Basic	1st ten years of service	2.2 percent per year
	All years after	2.7 percent per year
Coordinated	First ten years if service years are prior to July 1, 2006 First ten years if service years are July 1, 2006 or after	1.2 percent per year 1.4 percent per year
	All other years of service if service years are prior to July 1, 2006 All other years of service if service	1.7 percent per year
	years are July 1, 2006 or after	1.9 percent per year

With these provisions:

- 1. Normal retirement age is 65 with less than 30 years of allowable service and age 62 with 30 or more years of allowable service.
- 2. Three percent per year early retirement reduction factors for all years under normal retirement age.
- 3. Unreduced benefits for early retirement under a Rule-of-90 (age plus allowable service equals 90 or more).

or

Tier II: For years of service prior to July 1, 2006, a level formula of 1.7 percent per year for coordinated members and 2.7 percent per year for basic members. For years of service July 1, 2006 and after, a level formula of 1.9 percent per year for Coordinated members and 2.7 percent per year for Basic members applies. Beginning July 1, 2015, the early retirement reduction factors are based on rates established under Minnesota Statute. Smaller reductions, more favorable to the member, will be applied to individuals who reach age 62 and have 30 years or more of service credit.

Members first employed after June 30, 1989 receive only the Tier II calculation with a normal retirement age that is their retirement age for full Social Security retirement benefits, but not to exceed age 66.

Six different types of annuities are available to members upon retirement. The No Refund Life Plan is a lifetime annuity that ceases upon the death or the retiree - no survivor annuity is payable. A retiring member may also choose to provide survivor benefits to a designated beneficiary(ies) by selecting one of the five plans that have survivorship features. Vested members may also leave their contributions in the TRA Fund upon termination of service in order to qualify for a deferred annuity at retirement age. Any member terminating service is also eligible for a refund of their employee contributions plus interest.

The benefit provisions stated apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans – Statewide (Continued)

3. Contribution Rate

Per Minnesota statutes, chapter 354 sets the contribution rates for employees and employers. Rates for each fiscal year were:

	Ending June	ing June 30, 2021 Ending June 30, 2022		Ending June 30, 2023		
Plan	Employee	Employer	Employee	Employer	Employee	Employer
Basic	11.00%	12.13%	11.00%	12.34%	11.00%	12.55%
Coordinated	7.50%	8.13%	7.50%	8.34%	7.50%	8.55%

The Charter School's contributions to TRA for the years ending June 30, 2023, 2022 and 2021 were \$87,028, \$120,707 and \$91,765, respectively. The Charter School's contributions were equal to the contractually required contributions for each year as set by Minnesota statute.

The following is a reconciliation of employer contributions in TRA's fiscal year 2022 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report "Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position" to the employer contributions used in Schedule of Employer and Non-Employer Pension Allocations.

Employer Contributions Reported in TRA's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Employer Contributions Not Related to Future Contribution Efforts TRA's Contributions Not Included in Allocation	\$	482,679,000 (2,178,000) (572,000)
Total Employer Contributions Total Non-employer Contributions		479,929,000 35,590,000
Total Contributions Reported in Schedule of Employer and Non-Employer Pension Allocations	Ś	515,519,000

Amounts reported in the allocation schedules may not precisely agree with financial statement amounts or actuarial valuations due to the number of decimal places used in the allocations. TRA has rounded percentage amounts to the nearest ten thousandths.

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans – Statewide (Continued)

4. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Actuarial Information Valuation date Measurement date Experience study Actuarial cost method Actuarial assumptions Investment rate of return Price inflation Wage growth rate Projected salary increase Cost of living adjustment	July 1, 2022 June 30, 2022 June 5, 2019 (demographic and economic assumptions)* Entry Age Normal 7.00% 2.85% before July 1, 2028 and 3.25% thereafter 2.85% to 8.85% before July 1, 2028 and 3.25% thereafter 1.0% for January 2019 through January 2023,
	then increasing by 0.1% each year up to 1.5% annually
Mortality Assumption	
Pre-retirement	RP-2014 white collar employee table, male rates
Post-retirement	set back five years and female rates set back seven years. Generational projection uses the MP-2015 scale RP-2014 white collar annuitant table, male rates set back three years and female rates set back three years, with further adjustments of the rates.
Post-disability	Generational projection uses the MP-2015 scale. RP-2014 disabled retiree mortality table, without adjustment

*The assumptions prescribed are based on the experience study dated June 28, 2019. For GASB 67 purposes, the long-term rate of return assumptions is selected by TRA management in consultation with the actuary.

5. Long-Term Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans – Statewide (Continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return	
Domestic Equity	33.50 %	5.10 %	
International Equity	16.50	5.30	
Private Markets	25.00	5.90	
Fixed Income	25.00	0.75	
Total	100.00_%		

The TRA actuary has determined the average of the expected remaining service lives of all members for fiscal year 2023 is six years. The Difference between Expected and Actual Experience, Changes of Assumptions, and Changes in Proportion use the amortization period of six years in the schedule presented. The amortization period for Net Difference between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings on Pension Plan Investments" is five years as required by GASB 68.

Changes in actuarial assumptions since the 2021 valuation:

None

6. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent. There was no change in the discount rate since the prior measurement date. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the fiscal year 2022 contribution rate, contributions from school Charter Schools will be made at contractually required rates (actuarially determined), and contributions from the state will be made at current statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be depleted and, as a result, the Municipal Bond Index Rate was not used in the determination of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR).

7. Net Pension Liability

On June 30, 2023, the Charter School reported a liability of \$1,849,726 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Charter School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Charter School's contributions to TRA in relation to total system contributions including direct aid from the State of Minnesota, City of Minneapolis and Minneapolis School District. The Charter School proportionate share was 0.0231 percent at the end of the measurement period and 0.0180 percent for the beginning of the year.

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (Continued)

The pension liability amount reflected a reduction due to direct aid provided to TRA. The amount recognized by the Charter School as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the direct aid, and total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Charter School were as follows:

Charter School's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability State's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Associated with the Charter School	\$ 1,849,726 136,986
Total	\$ 1,986,712

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Charter School recognized pension expense of \$588,555. It also recognized \$19,032 as an increase to pension expense for the support provided by direct aid.

On June 30, 2023, the Charter School had deferred resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	C	Deferred Dutflows Resources	l	eferred nflows esources
Differences between Expected and				
Actual Economic Experience	\$	19,767	\$	11,359
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		230,796		-
Net Difference Between Projected and				
Actual Earnings on Plan Investments		180,058		-
Changes in Proportion		189,759		-
Contributions to TRA Subsequent				
to the Measurement Date		87,028		-
Total	\$	707,408	\$	11,359

The \$87,028 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Charter School contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follow:

2024	\$ 225,057
2025	38,668
2026	15,906
2027	191,956
2028	136,352
Thereafter	1,082

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans – Statewide (Continued)

8. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the net pension liability of TRA calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate.

Dec	Percent ease (6.00%) Current (7.009		rent (7.00%)	1 Perce Increase (8	
\$	2,915,992	\$	1,849,726	\$	975,720

The Charter School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer contributions to TRA in relation to TRA's total employer contributions including direct aid contributions from the State of Minnesota, City of Minneapolis and Minneapolis School District.

9. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued TRA financial report. That report can be obtained at www.MinnesotaTRA.org, by writing to TRA at 60 Empire Drive, Suite 400, St. Paul, MN, 55103-4000; or by calling 651-296-2409 or 800-657-3669.

B. Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA)

1. Plan Description

The Charter School participates in the following cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with *Minnesota statutes*, chapters 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

General Employees Retirement Plan

All full-time and certain part-time employees of the Charter School are covered by the General Employees Plan. General Employees Plan members belong to the Coordinated Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security.

2. Benefits Provided

PERA provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can only be modified by the state Legislature. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not receiving them yet are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans – Statewide (Continued)

General Employee Plan Benefits

General Employees Plan benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for PERA's Coordinated Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989, receive the higher of Method 1 or Method 2 formulas. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. Under Method 1, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.2 percent of average salary for each of the first 10 years of service and 1.7 percent of average salary for each additional year. Under Method 2, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.7 percent for average salary for all years of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989 a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989 normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The postretirement increase is equal to 50 percent of the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) announced by the SSA, with a minimum increase of at least 1 percent and a maximum of 1.5 percent. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least one month but less than a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase. For members retiring on January 1, 2024, or later, the increase will be delayed until normal retirement age (age 65 if hired prior to July 1, 1989, or age 66 for individuals hired on or after July 1, 1989). Members retiring under Rule of 90 are exempt from the delay to normal retirement.

3. Contributions

Minnesota statutes chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the state Legislature.

General Employees Fund Contributions

Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 6.50 percent of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2023 and the Charter School was required to contribute 7.50 percent for Coordinated Plan members. The Charter School's contributions to the General Employees Fund for the year ending June 30, 2023, 2022 and 2021 were \$79,928, \$66,558 and \$55,306, respectively. The Charter School's contributions were equal to the required contributions for each year as set by state statute.

4. Pension Costs

General Employee Fund Costs

At June 30, 2023, the Charter School reported a liability of \$950,404 for its proportionate share of the General Employee Fund's net pension liability. The Charter School's net pension liability reflected a reduction due to the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million. The State of Minnesota is considered a non-employer contributing entity and the State's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Charter School totaled \$27,972.

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans – Statewide (Continued)

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022h, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the Charter School's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022 relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. The Charter School's proportion was 0.0120 at the end of the measurement period and .0096 percent for the beginning of the period.

Charter School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability State of Minnesota's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension	\$ 950,404
Liability Associated with the School	 27,972
Total	\$ 978,376

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Charter School recognized pension expense of \$379,651 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's pension expense. In addition, the School recognized \$4,180 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million to the General Employees Fund.

At June 30, 2023, the Charter School reported its proportionate share of General Employees Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, related to pensions from the following sources:

	C	Deferred Outflows of Resources		eferred nflows esources
Differences between Expected and				
Actual Economic Experience	\$	7,939	\$	8,100
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		160,041		2,994
Net Difference Between Projected and				
Actual Earnings on Plan Investments		80,803		-
Changes in Proportion		43,427		-
Contributions to GERF Subsequent				
to the Measurement Date		79,928		-
Total	<u>\$</u>	372,138	\$	11,094

The \$79,928 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Charter School contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follow:

2024	\$ 120,775
2025	80,467
2026	(6,078)
2027	85,952

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans – Statewide (Continued)

5. Long-Term Expected Return on Investment

The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages.

The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	33.50 %	5.10 %
Private Markets	25.00	5.90
Fixed Income	25.00	0.75
International Equity	16.50	5.30
Total	100.00 %	

6. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using an individual entry-age normal actuarial cost method: The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments used in the determination of the total liability is 6.5 percent. This assumption is based on a review of inflation and investments return assumptions from a number of national investment consulting firms. The review provided a range of return investment return rates deemed to be reasonable by the actuary. An investment return of 6.5 percent was deemed to be within that range of reasonableness for financial reporting purposes.

Inflation is assumed to be 2.25 percent for the General Employees Plan and benefit increases after retirement are assumed to be 1.25 percent for the General Employees Plan.

Salary growth assumptions in the General Employees Plan range in annual increments from 10.25 percent after one year of service to 3.0 percent after 27 years of service. Mortality rates for the General Employees Plan are based on the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality Table.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The most recent four-year experience study in the General Employees Plan was completed in 2019. The assumption changes were adopted by the Board and become effective with the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation.

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans – Statewide (Continued)

The following changes in actuarial assumptions and plan provisions occurred in 2023:

General Employees Fund

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

• The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2020 to Scale MP-2021.

Changes in Plan Provisions:

• There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.

7. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability-was 6.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at rates set in Minnesota Statutes. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position of the General Employees Fund was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

8. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

1 Percent Decrease (5.50%)		Current (6.50%)	 1 Percent Increase (7.50%)	
\$	1,501,213	\$ 950,404	\$ 498,656	

9. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at <u>www.mnpera.org</u>.

Note 5: Other Information

A. Risk Management

The Charter School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the Charter School carries commercial insurance. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in fiscal year 2023.

Note 5: Other Information (Continued)

B. Commitments and Contingencies

Federal and State Programs

Amounts received or receivable from federal and state agencies are subject to agency audit and adjustment. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable fund. The amount, if any, of funds which may be disallowed by the agencies cannot be determined at this time although the Charter School expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

C. Economic Dependency

The Charter School has a significant amount of revenue (68.7 percent) coming from state sources.

D. Income Taxes

The Charter School is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Charter School also qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under applicable statutes of the State of Minnesota.

Management believes that it is not reasonably possible for any tax position benefits to increase or decrease significantly over the next 12 months. As of June 30, 2023, there were no income tax related accrued interest or penalties recognized in either the statement of financial position or the statement of activities.

The Charter School files informational returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction, and in the Minnesota state jurisdiction. U.S. federal returns and Minnesota returns for the prior three fiscal years are open and all others are closed. No returns are currently under examination in any tax jurisdiction.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SKYLINE MATH AND SCIENCE ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL NO. 4255 MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Schedule of Employer's Share of Teachers Retirement Association Net Pension Liability

Fiscal Year	Charter School's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	Charter School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (a)	the Asse	State's oportionate Share of Net Pension Liability ociated with harter School (b)	Total (a+b)	Ch	arter School's Covered Payroll (c)	Charter School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (a/c)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
06/30/22 06/30/21 06/30/20 06/30/19	0.0231 % 0.0180 0.0149 0.0147	\$ 1,849,726 787,734 1,100,832 936,981	·	136,986 66,375 91,975 82,915	\$ 1,986,712 854,109 1,192,807 1,019,896	\$	1,447,326 1,128,721 842,902 820,882	127.8 69.8 130.6 114.1	%	76.2 % 86.6 75.5 78.2

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Schedule of Employer's Share of TRA Contributions

Fiscal Year Ended	R	atutorily equired htribution (a)	Rela S ⁻ F	tributions in ation to the tatutorily Required ntribution (b)	Defi (Ex	ribution ciency cess) a-b)	Charter School's Covered Payroll (c)	Contributions a Percentage Covered Payroll (b/c)	
6/30/2023 6/30/2022 6/30/2021 6/30/2020 6/30/2019	\$	87,028 120,707 91,765 66,758 63,290	\$	87,028 120,707 91,765 66,758 63,290	\$	- - - - -	\$ 1,017,870 1,447,326 1,128,721 842,902 820,882	8.55 8.34 8.13 7.92 7.71	

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information - Teachers Retirement Association

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

2022 - No changes noted.

2021 - The investment return assumption was changed from 7.50 percent to 7.00 percent

2020 - Assumed termination rates were changed to more closely reflect actual experience. The pre-retirement mortality assumption was changed to RP-2014 white collar employee table, male rates set back five years and female rates set back seven years. Generational projection uses the MP-2015 scale. Assumed form of annuity election proportions were changed to more closely reflect actual experience for female retirees.

2019 - No changes noted.

2018 - The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017. The assumed benefit increase was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2044 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter to 1.25 percent per year.

2017 - The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.8 percent for active members and 60 percent for vested and non-vested deferred members. The revised CSA loads are now 0.0 percent for active member liability, 15.0 percent for vested deferred member liability and 3.0 percent for non-vested deferred member liability. The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year for all years to 1.0 percent per year through 2044 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter.

2016 - The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2035 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter to 1.0 percent per year for all future years. The assumed investment return was changed from 7.9 percent to 7.5 percent. The single discount rate was changed from 7.9 percent to 7.5 percent. Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study dated June 30, 2015. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent to 3.25 percent for payroll growth and 2.50 percent for inflation.

2015 - The cost of living adjustment was not assumed to increase to 2.5 percent but remain at 2.0 percent for all future years. The investment return assumption was changed from 8.25 percent to 8.00 percent.

2014 - The cost of living adjustment was assumed to increase from 2.0 percent annually to 2.5 percent annually on July 1, 2034.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information - Teachers Retirement Association (Continued)

Changes in Plan Provisions

2022 - No changes noted.

- 2021 No changes noted.
- 2020 No changes noted.

2019 - No changes noted.

2018 - The 2018 Omnibus Pension Bill contained a number of changes:

- The COLA was reduced from 2.0 percent each January 1 to 1.0 percent, effective January 1, 2019. Beginning January 1, 2024, the COLA will increase 0.1 percent each year until reaching the ultimate rate of 1.5 percent in January 1, 2028.
- Beginning July 1, 2024, eligibility for the first COLA changes to normal retirement age (age 65 to 66, depending on date of birth). However, members who retire under Rule of 90 and members who are at least age 62 with 30 years of service credit are exempt.
- The COLA trigger provision, which would have increased the COLA to 2.5 percent if the funded ratio was at least 90 percent for two consecutive years, was eliminated.
- Augmentation in the early retirement reduction factors is phased out over a five-year period beginning July 1, 2019 and ending June 30, 2024 (this reduces early retirement benefits). Members who retire and are at least age 62 with 30 years of service are exempt.
- Augmentation on deferred benefits will be reduced to zero percent beginning July 1, 2019. Interest payable on refunds to members was reduced from 4.0 percent to 3.0 percent, effective July 1, 2018. Interest due on payments and purchases from members, employers is reduced from 8.5 percent to 7.5 percent, effective July 1, 2018.
- The employer contribution rate is increased each July 1 over the next 6 years (7.71 percent in 2018, 7.92 percent in 2019, 8.13 percent in 2020, 8.34 percent in 2021, 8.55 percent in 2022, 8.75 percent in 2023). In addition, the employee contribution rate will increase from 7.50 percent to 7.75 percent on July 1, 2023. The state provides funding for the higher employer contribution rate through an adjustment in the school aid formula.

2017 - No changes noted.

2016 - No changes noted.

2015 - On June 30, 2015, the Duluth Teachers Retirement Fund Association was merged into TRA. This also resulted in a state-provided contribution stream of \$14.377 million until the plan becomes fully funded.

2014 - The increase in the post-retirement benefit adjustment (COLA) will be made once the plan is 90% funded (on a market value basis) in two consecutive years, rather than just one year.

Schedule of Employer's Public Employees Retirement Association Net Pension Liability

Fiscal Year	Charter School's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	Pro	arter School's oportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (a)	Prop S the N L Asso	State's portionate hare of let Pension .iability ciated with arter School (b)	Total (a+b)	arter School's Covered Payroll (b)	Charter School ¹ Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage o Covered Payroll (a/c)	-	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
06/30/22 06/30/21 06/30/20 06/30/19	0.0120 % 0.0096 0.0093 0.0065	\$	950,404 409,963 557,578 359,370	\$	27,972 12,528 17,217 11,166	\$ 978,376 422,491 574,795 370,536	\$ 887,440 737,413 660,713 458,587	107.1 55.6 84.4 78.4	%	76.7 % 87.0 79.0 80.2

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Schedule of Employer's Share of PERA Contributions

Fiscal	Re	atutorily equired tribution	Rela St R	ibutions in tion to the atutorily equired ntribution	Defic	ibution ciency cess)	Charter School's Covered Payroll	Contributions a Percentage Covered Payroll	
Year Ended		(a)		(b)	(a-b)		 (c)	(b/c)	
6/30/2023 6/30/2022 6/30/2021 6/30/2020 6/30/2019	\$	79,928 66,558 55,306 49,553 34,394	\$	79,928 66,558 55,306 49,553 34,394	\$	- - -	\$ 1,065,704 887,440 737,413 660,713 458,587	7.50 7.50 7.50 7.50 7.50	%

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information - PERA

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

2022 - The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2020 to Scale MP-2021.

2021- The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.50 percent to 6.50 percent, for financial reporting purposes. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2019 to Scale MP-2020.

2020 - The price inflation assumption was decreased from 2.50% to 2.25%. The payroll growth assumption was decreased from 3.25% to 3.00%. Assumed salary increase rates were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The net effect is assumed rates that average 0.25% less than previous rates. Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The changes result in more unreduced (normal) retirements and slightly fewer Rule of 90 and early retirements. Assumed rates of termination were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The new rates are based on service and are generally lower than the previous rates for years 2-5 and slightly higher thereafter. Assumed rates of disability were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The change results in fewer predicted disability retirements for males and females. The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 table to the Pub-2010 General Mortality table, with adjustments. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 disabled annuitant mortality table to the PUB-2010 General/Teacher disabled annuitant mortality table, with adjustments. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2018 to Scale MP-2019. The assumed spouse age difference was changed from two years older for females to one year older. The assumed number of married male new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 35% to 45%. The assumed number of married female new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 15% to 30%. The corresponding number of married new retirees electing the Life annuity option was adjusted accordingly. 2019 - The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.

2018 - The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017. The assumed benefit increase was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2044 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter to 1.25 percent per year.

2017 - The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.8 percent for active members and 60 percent for vested and non-vested deferred members. The revised CSA loads are now 0.0 percent for active member liability, 15.0 percent for vested deferred member liability and 3.0 percent for non-vested deferred member liability. The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year for all years to 1.0 percent per year through 2044 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter.

2016 - The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2035 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter to 1.0 percent per year for all future years. The assumed investment return was changed from 7.9 percent to 7.5 percent. The single discount rate was changed from 7.9 percent to 7.5 percent. Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study dated June 30, 2015. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent to 3.25 percent for payroll growth and 2.50 percent for inflation.

2015 - The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2030 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter to 1.0 percent per year through 2035 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information - PERA (Continued)

Changes in Plan Provisions

2022 - There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.

2021 - There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.

2020 - Augmentation for current privatized members was reduced to 2.0% for the period July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2023 and 0.0% after. Augmentation was eliminated for privatizations occurring after June 30, 2020.

2019 - The employer supplemental contribution was changed prospectively, decreasing from \$31.0 million to \$21.0 million per year. The state's special funding contribution was changed prospectively, requiring \$16.0 million due per year through 2031.

2018 - The augmentation adjustment in early retirement factors is eliminated over a five-year period starting July 1, 2019, resulting in actuarial equivalence after June 30, 2024. Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, beginning July 1, 2018. Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.00 percent, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply. Contribution stabilizer provisions were repealed. Postretirement benefit increases were changed from 1.00 percent per year with a provision to increase to 2.50 percent upon attainment of 90.00 percent funding ratio to 50.00 percent of the Social Security Cost of Living Adjustment, not less than 1.00 percent and not more than 1.50 percent, beginning January 1, 2019. For retirements on or after January 1, 2024, the first benefit increase is delayed until the retiree reaches normal retirement age; does not apply to Rule of 90 retirees, disability benefit recipients, or survivors. Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

2017 - The State's contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund equals \$16,000,000 in 2017 and 2018, and \$6,000,000 thereafter. The Employer Supplemental Contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund changed from \$21,000,000 to \$31,000,000 in calendar years 2019 to 2031. The state's contribution changed from \$16,000,000 to \$6,000,000 in calendar years 2019 to 2031. 2016 - No changes noted.

2015 - On January 1, 2015, the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund was merged into the General Employees Fund, which increased the total pension liability by \$1.1 billion and increased the fiduciary plan net position by \$892 million. Upon consolidation, state and employer contributions were revised.

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INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES AND TABLE

SKYLINE MATH AND SCIENCE ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL NO. 4255 MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

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Skyline Math & Science Academy Charter School No. 4255 Minneapolis, Minnesota General Fund Comparative Schedules of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balances June 30, 2023 and 2022

	 2023	2022	
Assets			
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 48,259	\$	216,884
Accounts receivable	3,000		56,434
Due from Department of Education	290,771		29,902
Due from the Federal government	146,321		220,405
Due from other funds	-		27,172
Prepaid items	 46,706		38,656
Total Assets	\$ 535,057	\$	589,453
Liabilities			
Accounts and other payables	\$ 169,100	\$	308,106
Accrued salaries payable	228,404		310,325
Line of credit	100,000		100,000
Total Liabilities	 497,504		718,431
Fund Balances			
Nonspendable prepaid items	46,706		38,656
Unassigned	(9,153)		(167,634)
Total Fund Balances	 37,553		(128,978)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 535,057	\$	589,453

Skyline Math & Science Academy Charter School No. 4255 Minneapolis, Minnesota General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Continued on the Following Page) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2022)

		2022			
	Budgeted	Amounts)23 Actual	Variance with	Actual
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	Amounts
Revenues					
Revenue from federal sources	\$ 246,300	\$ 323,274	\$ 400,740	\$ 77,466	\$ 1,299,877
Revenue from state sources	3,824,128	3,293,912	3,301,852	7,940	3,451,348
Revenue from local sources	47,900	918,500	819,356	<u>(99,144)</u> (13,738)	61,346
Total Revenues	4,118,328	4,535,686	4,521,948	(13,738)	4,812,571
Expenditures					
Current					
Administration					
Salaries	203,813	270,800	261,247	9,553	231,457
Fringe benefits	100,981	115,200	88,432	26,768	80,697
Purchased services	-	-	-	-	5,581
Supplies and materials	17,111	4,000	4,633	(633)	-
Other	36,500	25,800	13,125	12,675	19,144
Total administration	358,405	415,800	367,437	48,363	336,879
District support convises					
District support services Salaries	56,132	56,000	57,818	(1,818)	103,664
Fringe benefits	33,692	44,600	32,347	12,253	29,393
Purchased services	186,797	187,150	236,664	(49,514)	214,385
Supplies and materials	40,329	33,000	31,345	1,655	76,334
Other	-		150	(150)	4,290
Total district support services	316,950	320,750	358,324	(37,574)	428,066
Elementary and secondary					
regular instruction		4 4 9 9 9 5 9		10.005	
Salaries	1,145,976	1,193,353	1,174,048	19,305	1,584,129
Fringe benefits	196,578	267,200	219,617	47,583	338,431
Purchased services	24,100	33,500	40,511	(7,011)	144,944
Supplies and materials	10,187	34,250	47,949	(13,699)	298,198
Total elementary and secondary regular instruction	1,376,841	1,528,303	1,482,125	46,178	2,365,702
secondary regular instruction	1,370,041	1,520,505	1,402,125	40,170	2,303,702
Special education instruction					
Salaries	371,814	148,750	157,368	(8,618)	342,710
Fringe benefits	19,719	19,460	20,367	(907)	64,324
Purchased services	30,876	83,754	122,458	(38,704)	91,696
Supplies and materials	52,529	24,600	29,384	(4,784)	72,931
Total special education instruction	474,938	276,564	329,577	(53,013)	571,661
Instructional support services					
Salaries	53,765	42,400	43,925	(1,525)	60,179
Fringe benefits	9,269	12,500	43,925 9,947	2,553	15,983
Purchased services	34,200	13,450	25,033		34,878
			-	(11,583)	
Supplies and materials	166	6,025	3,820	2,205	14,228
Total instructional	07.400	74 075	00 705	(0.250)	105.000
support services	97,400	74,375	82,725	(8,350)	125,268

Skyline Math & Science Academy Charter School No. 4255 Minneapolis, Minnesota General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2022)

			2022		
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with	Actual
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	Amounts
Expenditures (Continued)					
Current (continued) Pupil support services					
Salaries	\$ 121,224	\$ 210,369	\$ 267,577	\$ (57,208)	\$ 15,000
Fringe benefits	18,361	40,285	38,142	2,143	\$ 15,000
Purchased services	553,308	476,600	653,833	(177,233)	663,611
Supplies and materials	17,169	5,500	8,088	(2,588)	26,098
Total pupil support services	710,062	732,754	967,640	(234,886)	704,709
Sites and buildings Salaries	51,347	71,000	66,721	4,279	
Fringe benefits	8,278	13,700	10,108	3,592	-
Purchased services	77,349	74,135	75,735	(1,600)	114,693
Supplies and materials	17,660	6,225	17,216	(10,991)	20,521
Total sites and buildings	154,634	165,060	169,780	(4,720)	135,214
-					
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs					
Purchased services	34,300	60,100	42,669	17,431	28,296
Total current	3,523,530	3,573,706	3,800,277	(226,571)	4,695,795
Capital outlay					
District support services	16,600	-	-	-	-
Elementary and secondary	10,000				
regular instruction					1,677
Instructional support services	-	- 700	- 520	- 180	9,907
Pupil support services	-	/00	520	180	90,789
Sites and buildings	2,000	205,000	14,776	190,224	46,073
Total capital outlay	18,600	205,700	15,296	190,404	148,446
Debt service					
Principal	522,947	548,347	519,779	28,568	417,427
Interest and other charges	5,000	11,400	20,065	(8,665)	39,588
Total debt service	527,947	559,747	539,844	19,903	457,015
Total Expenditures	4,070,077	4,339,153	4,355,417	(16,264)	5,301,256
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	48,251	196,533	166,531	(30,002)	(488,685)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
	(1 5 501)	(01 10()		01 100	
Transfers out	(15,501)	(21,136)	-	21,136	-
Loan issued	-	-	-	-	100,000
Lease proceeds	-	-	-	-	9,907
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(15,501)	(21,136)	-	21,136	109,907
Net Change in Fund Balances	32,750	175,397	166,531	(8,866)	(378,778)
Fund Balances, July 1	(128,978)	(128,978)	(128,978)		249,800
Fund Balances, June 30	\$ (96,228)	\$ 46,419	\$ 37,553	\$ (8,866)	\$ (128,978)



Fiscal Compliance

Fiscal Compliance Report - 6/30/2023 District: SKYLINE MATH & SCIENCE (4255-7)

	Audit	UFARS	Audit - UFARS	
01 GENERAL FUND				06 BUIL
Total Revenue	\$4,521,948	<u>\$4,521,946</u>	<u>\$2</u>	Total Reve
Total Expenditures Non Spendable:	\$4,355,417	<u>\$4,355,414</u>	<u>\$3</u>	Total Exper Non Spend
4.60 Non Spendable Fund Balance Restricted / Reserved:	\$46,706	<u>\$46,706</u>	<u>\$0</u>	4.60 Non S Restricted
4.01 Student Activities	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	4.07 Capita
4.02 Scholarships	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	4.13 Funde
4.03 Staff Development	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	4.67 LTFM
4.07 Capital Projects Levy	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	Restricted:
4.08 Cooperative Revenue	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	4.64 Restri Unassigne
4.13 Funded by COP/FP	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	4.63 Unass
4.14 Operating Debt	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	4.05 011855
4.16 Levy Reduction	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	07 DEB
4.17 Taconite Building Maint	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	Total Reve
4.24 Operating Capital	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	
4.26 \$25 Taconite	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	Total Exper Non Spend
4.27 Disabled Accessibility	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	4.60 Non S
4.28 Learning & Development	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	Restricted
4.34 Area Learning Center	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	4.25 Bond
4.35 Contracted Alt. Programs	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	4.33 Maxin
4.36 State Approved Alt. Program	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	4.51 QZAB
4.38 Gifted & Talented	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	4.67 LTFM
4.40 Teacher Development and	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	Restricted:
Evaluation	A 0	<u></u>	<u></u>	4.64 Restri
4.41 Basic Skills Programs	\$0 \$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	Unassigne
4.48 Achievement and Integration	\$0 \$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	4.63 Unass
4.49 Safe Schools Levy	\$0 \$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	08 TRUS
4.51 QZAB Payments	\$0 \$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	
4.52 OPEB Liab Not In Trust	\$0 \$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	Total Reve
4.53 Unfunded Sev & Retiremt Levy	\$0 \$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	Total Exper Restricted
4.59 Basic Skills Extended Time	\$0 \$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	4.01 Stude
4.67 LTFM	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	4.02 Schol
4.72 Medical Assistance <i>Restricted:</i>	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	4.22 Unass Assets)
4.64 Restricted Fund Balance	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	,
4.75 Title VII Impact Aid	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	18 CUS
4.76 Payments in Lieu of Taxes <i>Committed:</i>	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	Total Reve Total Exper
4.18 Committed for Separation	\$0 • •	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	Restricted
4.61 Committed Fund Balance	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	4.01 Stude
Assigned:	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	4.02 Schola
4.62 Assigned Fund Balance Unassigned:				4.48 Achiev
4.22 Unassigned Fund Balance	(\$9,153)	<u>(\$9,153)</u>	<u>\$0</u>	4.64 Restri
02 FOOD SERVICES				20 INTE
Total Revenue	\$286,722	<u>\$286,723</u>	<u>(\$1)</u>	Total Reve
Total Expenditures Non Spendable:	\$265,883	<u>\$265,885</u>	<u>(\$2)</u>	Total Exper 4.22 Unass
4.60 Non Spendable Fund Balance Restricted / Reserved:	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	Assets)
4.52 OPEB Liab Not In Trust Restricted:	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	25 OPEI Total Reve
4.64 Restricted Fund Balance	\$7,103	<u>\$7,103</u>	<u>\$0</u> 7	2 Total Exper

	Audit	UFARS	Audit - UFARS
06 BUILDING CONSTRUCTION			
Total Revenue	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
Total Expenditures Non Spendable:	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.60 Non Spendable Fund Balance Restricted / Reserved:	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.07 Capital Projects Levy	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.13 Funded by COP/FP	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.67 LTFM Restricted:	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.64 Restricted Fund Balance Unassigned:	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.63 Unassigned Fund Balance	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
07 DEBT SERVICE			
Total Revenue	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
Total Expenditures Non Spendable:	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.60 Non Spendable Fund Balance Restricted / Reserved:	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.25 Bond Refundings	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.33 Maximum Effort Loan Aid	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.51 QZAB Payments	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.67 LTFM Restricted:	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.64 Restricted Fund Balance Unassigned:	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.63 Unassigned Fund Balance	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
08 TRUST			
Total Revenue	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
Total Expenditures Restricted / Reserved:	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.01 Student Activities	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.02 Scholarships 4.22 Unassigned Fund Balance (Net Assets)	\$0 \$0	<u>\$0</u> <u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u> <u>\$0</u>
18 CUSTODIAL			
Total Revenue	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
Total Expenditures <i>Restricted / Reserved:</i>	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.01 Student Activities	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.02 Scholarships	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.48 Achievement and Integration	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.64 Restricted Fund Balance	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
20 INTERNAL SERVICE			
Total Revenue	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
Total Expenditures 4.22 Unassigned Fund Balance (Net Assets)	\$0 \$0	<u>\$0</u> <u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u> <u>\$0</u>
25 OPEB REVOCABLE TRUST			
Total Revenue	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
Total Expenditures	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>

Minnesota Department of Education

Unassigned:			
4.63 Unassigned Fund Balancee	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
04 COMMUNITY SERVICE			
Total Revenue	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
Total Expenditures Non Spendable:	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.60 Non Spendable Fund Balance Restricted / Reserved:	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.26 \$25 Taconite	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.31 Community Education	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.32 E.C.F.E	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.40 Teacher Development and Evaluation	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.44 School Readiness	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.47 Adult Basic Education	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.52 OPEB Liab Not In Trust Restricted:	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.64 Restricted Fund Balance Unassigned:	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.63 Unassigned Fund Balance	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>

4.22 Unassigned Fund Balance (Net Assets)	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
45 OPEB IRREVOCABLE TR	UST		
Total Revenue	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
Total Expenditures	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.22 Unassigned Fund Balance (Net Assets)	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
47 OPEB DEBT SERVICE			
Total Revenue	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
Total Expenditures Non Spendable:	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.60 Non Spendable Fund Balance Restricted:	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.25 Bond Refundings	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.64 Restricted Fund Balance Unassigned:	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.63 Unassigned Fund Balance	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>

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OTHER REQUIRED REPORTS

SKYLINE MATH AND SCIENCE ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL NO. 4255 MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE

Members of the Board of Education Skyline Math & Science Academy Charter School No. 4255 Minneapolis, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Skyline Math & Science Academy, Charter School No. 4255 (the Charter School), Minneapolis, Minnesota as of June 30, 2023 and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 15, 2023.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the Charter School failed to comply with the provisions of the uniform financial accounting and reporting standards, and charter schools sections of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Charter School*, except as described in the Schedule of Finding and Response as item 2023-001. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the Charter School's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

The Charter School's response to the finding in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of finding and response. The Charter School's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Abdo Minneapolis, Minnesota November 15, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Members of the Board of Education Skyline Math & Science Academy Charter School No. 4255 Minneapolis, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Skyline Math & Science Academy, Charter School No. 4255 (the Charter School), Minneapolis, Minnesota, as of June 30, 2023 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 15, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Charter School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Charter School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance as described below in 2023-001.

Response to Finding

The Charter School's response to the finding identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Finding and Response. The Charter School's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Charter School's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Abdo Minneapolis, Minnesota November 15, 2023



Skyline Math & Science Academy Charter School No. 4255 Minneapolis, Minnesota Schedule of Finding and Response For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Finding	Description
2023-001	Time Period for Payment
Condition:	During our audit, we reviewed a sample of purchases made by Charter School and found that several payments were made late in comparison with the timeframe set forth by state statutes.
Criteria:	Minnesota statute §471.425 requires the Charter School to pay bills within 35 days from receipt. If the invoice is not paid within 35 days, interest at 1.50 percent per month is to be added to the amount due.
Cause:	While testing disbursements and subsequent payments to year-end, we noted that several invoices sampled indicated that timely payments had not been made. Specifically, the Charter School had not paid the original invoice within 35 days set forth in State statute.
Effect:	The Charter School is out of compliance with Minnesota statute.
Recommendation:	We recommend that the Charter School review the policies and procedures related to the accounts payable cycle. These policies and procedures should include payment terms that are outlined within State statutes. Implementing this recommendation will not result in any additional cost to the Charter School.

Management Response:

The Charter School is aware of the situation and plans to implement procedures to ensure that timely payments are made from now on.

2600 26th Avenue South Suite 100 Minneapolis, MN 55406 Skyline Math and Science Academy

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CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

The following is our response to the finding in the audit as of June 30, 2023.

FINDING 2023-001

During our audit, we reviewed a sample of purchases made by Charter School and found that several payments were made late in comparison with the timeframe set forth by state statutes.

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN (CAP):

1. Explanation of Disagreement with Audit Finding:

There is no disagreement with the audit finding.

2. Action Planned in Response to Finding:

Management is aware of the issue and will implement the recommended procedures.

3. Official Responsible for Ensuring CAP:

Abdirahman Abdulle, Executive Director, as well as the contracted accountant would be responsible for reviewing the policies and procedures.

7. Planned Completion Date for CAP:

Policies and procedures will be reviewed in the current fiscal year with the Charter School's contracted accountant.

8. Plan to Monitor Completion of CAP:

Abdiraham Abdulle, Executive Director, will be responsible for ensuring bills are paid on time in future years.

Sincerely,

Abdirahman Abdulle Executive Director Skyline Math & Science Academy